

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Product identifier	Diflorasone Diacetate
Other means of identification	
Catalog number	1197302
Chemical name	Pregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione, 17,21-bis(acetyloxy)-6,9-difluoro-11-hydroxy-16-methyl-, (6alpha,11beta,16beta)-
Recommended use	Specified quality tests and assay use only.
Recommended restrictions	Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	

Company name Address	U. S. Pharmacopeia 12601 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville MD 20852-1790 US	
Telephone	RS Technical Services	301-816-8129
Website	www.usp.org	
E-mail	RSTECH@usp.org	
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC within US & Canada	1-800-424-9300
	CHEMTREC outside US & Canada	+1 703-527-3887

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

Label elements

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (endocrine system)
OSHA hazard(s)	Not classified.	

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs (endocrine system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Not classified.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Diflorasone Diacetate		33564-31-7	100
4. First-aid measures			
nhalation	If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and ke Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.	eep at rest in a position co	mfortable for breathing
Skin contact	Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical atten	tion if irritation develops ar	nd persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation	on develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does	s occur, call a poison contr	ol center immediately
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Irritant effects. Adrenal suppression.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treatment for acute corticosteroid overdose is ge include the following: Antacids may be used to re disturbances (which may be delayed for up to tw with a phenothiazine or lithium. Tricyclic antidep	elieve gastrointestinal irrita o weeks following large in	tion. Psychic gestions) are treatable
General information	Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.		
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surr CO2.	rounding materials. Water.	Foam. Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.		
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Wear suitable protective equipment.		
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. A Firefighters should use self-contained breathing	equipment and protective	clothing.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consid	er the hazards of other inv	olved materials.
6. Accidental release meas	sures		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touc wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure the spilled material. Wear appropriate personal p	adequate ventilation. Avoid	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in s generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste of surface thoroughly to remove residual contamina	lisposal, see section 13 of	
7. Handling and storage			
Precautions for safe handling	As a general rule, when handling USP Referenc dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the m suitable detergent or solvent after use. After rem skin thoroughly. Use of a designated area is reco	aterial. Clean equipment a oving gloves, wash hands	and work surfaces with and other exposed
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF label instructions to ensure product integrity.	This material should be	handled and stored pe
8. Exposure controls/perso	onal protection		
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingred	dient(s).	
Exposure guidelines	No exposure standards allocated.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process preferred to general exhaust because it can con- dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygie to determine the effectiveness of engineering co- intended for use with highly potent materials sho	enclosure. Local exhaust v trol the contaminant at its s one survey involving air mon ntrols. Effectiveness of eng	ventilation is generally source, preventing pnitoring may be used gineering controls

intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials. Local exhaust ventilation such as a laboratory fume hood or other vented enclosure is recommended, particularly for grinding, crushing, weighing, or other dust-generating procedures.

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#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy. To reduce the risk of contamination of skin and surfaces, wear two pairs of gloves. Remove the outer gloves after handling and cleanup of the material, and remove the inner gloves only after removing other personal protective equipment.
Other	For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a disposable lab coat or isolation gown over street clothes is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing and booties may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.
Respiratory protection	Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place (applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).
Thermal hazards	Not available.
eneral hygiene nsiderations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	White to pale yellow crystalline powder.	
Physical state	Solid.	
Form	Powder.	
Odor	Odorless.	
Odor threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not available.	
Melting point/freezing point	429.8 - 437 °F (221 - 225 °C) (decomposes)	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.	
Flash point	Not available.	
Evaporation rate	Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.	
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.	
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.	
Vapor pressure	< 0.0000001 kPa at 25 °C	
Vapor density	Not available.	
Relative density	Not available.	
Solubility in water	Insoluble.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Other information		
Chemical family	Corticosteroid.	
Molecular formula	C26H32F2O7	
Molecular weight	494.54	
Solubility (other)	Soluble in methanol and in acetone; sparingly soluble in ethyl acetate; slightly soluble in toluene; very slightly soluble in ether.	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No reactivity hazards known.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	None known.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition products	F Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact Symptoms related to the	Based on available data, the cla Due to lack of data the classifica Causes skin irritation.	
Skin contact Eye contact Symptoms related to the	Causes skin irritation.	ation is not possible.
Eye contact Symptoms related to the		
Symptoms related to the	<b>o i i i i i</b>	
	Causes serious eye irritation.	
physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics	Corticosteroids: Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Acne. Increased hair growth. Lightheadedness. Weakness. Increased sweating. Eye pain. Vision changes. Mental or behavioral changes. Swelling. Numbness. Infection. Delayed wound healing. Thinning skin. Bruising. Purple lines on skin. Bone fractures. Back pain. Joint pain or stiffness. Increased appetite. Redistribution of body fat. Menstrual irregularities. Impotence. Tremors.	
Delayed and immediate effects of exposure	Corticosteroids: Fluid and electr Immune system depression. Wit	olyte imbalance. Cushing's syndrome. Adrenal suppression. hdrawal.
Medical conditions aggravated by exposure		High blood pressure. Diabetes. Epilepsy. Glaucoma. Peptic ulcer. Systemic fungal infection. Mental disorders. Impaired
Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the cla	ssification criteria are not met.
Product	Species	Test Results
Diflorasone Diacetate (CAS 33564	4-31-7)	
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	> 3 g/kg
	Rat	> 3 g/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Local effects Irritancy test Result: Irritant. Species: Human Organ: Skin. Severity: Moderate. Irritancy test Result: Irritant. Species: Rabbit Organ: Eye. Severity: Moderate.		
Respiratory sensitization	Due to lack of data the classification	ation is not possible.
Skin sensitization	Due to lack of data the classification	ation is not possible.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classificated by Data from germ cell mutagenicit	
<b>Mutagenicity</b> Ames bacterial assay Result: Negative. Mouse micronucleus test Result: Negative.	t	
Carcinogenicity	Due to lack of data the classifica This material is not considered t	ation is not possible. o be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	doses of corticosteroids may inc or stillbirth. However, birth defect	or the unborn child. There is some evidence that pharmacologic crease the risk of placental insufficiency, decreased birth weight, cts in humans have not been confirmed. Studies in animals have ase the incidence of cleft palate, placental insufficiency, erine growth.
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Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs (endocrine system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
12 Ecological information	

### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	No ecotoxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	Not available.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
Local disposal regulations	Not available.
Hazardous waste code	Not available.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

### 14. Transport information

#### DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

#### ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to No information available. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	No	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	No	
Other federal regulations		
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	Not regulated.	
US state regulations	California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.	
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No

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Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inv	/entory (yes/no)*
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)		

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

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Issue date	07-01-2007
Revision date	07-20-2015
Version #	03
Further information	Not available.
Disclaimer	USP Reference Standards are sold for chemical test and assay purposes only, and NOT for human consumption. The information contained herein is applicable solely to the chemical substance when used as a USP Reference Standard and does not necessarily relate to any other use of the substance described, (i.e. at different concentrations, in drug dosage forms, or in bulk quantities). USP Reference Standards are intended for use by persons having technical skill and at their own discretion and risk. This information has been developed by USP staff from sources considered reliable but has not been independently verified by the USP. Therefore, the USP Convention cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information in these sources nor should the statements contained herein be considered an official expression. NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE is made with respect to the information contained herein.
Revision Information	Product and Company Identification: Disclosure Overrides Hazard(s) identification: <indent>Response Physical &amp; Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Toxicological information: Carcinogenicity Toxicological information: Germ cell mutagenicity Regulatory Information: United States</indent>