



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Chlorpromazine Hydrochloride	
Other means of identification		
Catalog number	1125006	
CAS number	69-09-0	
Chemical name	2-Chloro-10-[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]phenothiazine monohydrochloride	
Recommended use	Specified quality tests and assay use only.	
Recommended restrictions	Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Manufacturer		
Company name	U. S. Pharmacopeia	
Address	12601 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville MD 20852-1790 United States	
Telephone	RS Technical Services	301-816-8129
Website	www.usp.org	
E-mail	RSTECH@usp.org	
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC within US & Canada	1-800-424-9300
	CHEMTREC outside US & Canada	+1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 1 (heart)
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1 (nervous system)
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Toxic if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs (heart). Causes damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves.

Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	This product is supplied in a small quantity which does not constitute a combustible dust hazard. The physical properties of this material indicate that in large quantities accumulated dust may be hazardous.
Supplemental information	Pharmacologically active material.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Chlorpromazine Hydrochloride		69-09-0	100

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if substance is ingested. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Movement disorders. Cardiac toxicity. Pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure may cause physiological effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Treatment of phenothiazine overdose may include the following: Do NOT induce vomiting. Perform gastric lavage. Administer activated charcoal as a slurry. Control cardiac arrhythmias with intravenous phenytoin. Treat ventricular tachydysrhythmias with sodium bicarbonate. For Torsades de Pointes, treat hemodynamically unstable patients with electrical cardioversion. Treat stable patients with magnesium and/or atrial overdrive pacing. Correct electrolyte abnormalities. Treat hypotension with positioning, intravenous fluids, and norepinephrine or phenylephrine. Do NOT use epinephrine. Treat convulsions with a benzodiazepine and phenytoin. Monitor ECG. Do NOT use barbiturates that may potentiate respiratory and CNS depression. For parkinsonian effects or dystonia, administer benzotropine or diphenhydramine. Treat neuroleptic malignant syndrome with cooling and bromocriptine. Monitor acid-base status, fluid and electrolyte balance, hepatic enzymes, renal function, urine output, and cardiac function. Most phenothiazines are not removed by dialysis.
General information	Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Wear suitable protective equipment.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of material potency and exposure potential.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limit values

Industrial Use Material

	Type	Value
Chlorpromazine Hydrochloride (CAS 69-09-0)	TWA	15 micrograms/m ³

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

For laboratory operations, use local exhaust ventilation or a ventilated enclosure for high energy operations such as particle sizing. Control exposures to below the occupational exposure level (if available). Select and use containment devices and personal protective equipment based on a risk assessment of exposure potential. Cover all containers for solutions and slurries while being transferred.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields, chemical splash goggles, or full face shield, if necessary. Base the choice of protection on the job activity and potential for contact with eyes or face. An emergency eye wash station should be available.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear nitrile or other impervious gloves if skin contact is possible. When the material is dissolved or suspended in an organic solvent, wear gloves that provide protection against the solvent.

Other

Train employees in proper gowning and degowning practices. Wear lab coat. Base the choice of skin protection on the job activity, potential for skin contact and solvents and reagents in use. Do not wear protective garments in common areas (e.g., cafeterias) or out-of-doors.

Respiratory protection

Respirators are generally not required for laboratory operations. Use a tight-fitting full-face respirator with HEPA filters for spill cleanup. Choose respiratory protection appropriate to the task and the level of existing engineering controls.

Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Handling practices in this SDS are recommendations for laboratory use of reference standards. Procedures for any other uses or quantities should be determined after an appropriate assessment.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Appearance descriptions are general information and not specific to any USP lot.
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Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Color	White. Light cream.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	383 - 388.4 °F (195 - 198 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	400 g/l Very soluble.
Solubility (other)	Benzene: Insoluble. Chloroform: Freely soluble. Ethanol: Freely soluble. Ether: Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	5.35
	0.08 = log Pow
Auto-ignition temperature	806 °F (430 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Chemical family	Phenothiazine.
Dust explosion properties	
Kst	192 bar.m/s
Minimum ignition energy (MIE) - dust cloud	1 - 3 mJ
Molecular formula	C17H19ClN2S . HCl
Molecular weight	355.33
pH in aqueous solution	3.5 - 4.5 (10% aqueous solution)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. NOx. SOx. HCl.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics	For phenothiazines: Abnormal heartbeat. Involuntary movements. Rigidity. Weakness. Gastrointestinal disturbances. Incoordination. Dizziness. Drowsiness. Disorientation. Pinpoint pupils. Yellow eyes and/or skin. Dry mouth. Nasal congestion. Decreased sweating. Difficulty urinating. Increased sensitivity of skin or eyes to sunlight. Skin rash. Skin discoloration. Convulsions. Coma.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

Product	Species	Test Results
Chlorpromazine Hydrochloride (CAS 69-09-0)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	1.33 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	135 mg/kg
	Rat	145 mg/kg
		142 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity Knowledge about mutagenicity is incomplete.

Mutagenicity

Ames test (Salmonella typhimurium)

Result: Negative

Ames test (Salmonella typhimurium): strain TA1537 with activation.

Result: Positive

In vitro chromosome aberration test: Chinese hamster ovary cells.

Result: Negative

In vitro chromosome aberration test: human lymphocytes.

Result: Positive

In vitro sister chromatid exchange (human lymphocytes)

Result: Positive

Mutagenicity: Fluctuation test in E. coli.

Result: Positive

Carcinogenicity

Knowledge about carcinogenicity is incomplete.

Phenothiazines produce an elevation in prolactin concentrations. In vitro studies show about 1/3 of human breast cancers are prolactin-dependent. Studies in rodents found an increase in mammary tumors after long-term administration of antipsychotic medications. Early epidemiological studies did not show an association between chronic administration of antipsychotics and breast cancer in women. A later study found a modest dose-related increased risk of breast cancer in women using antipsychotic dopamine antagonists. The available evidence is inconclusive.

2.5 - 10 mg/kg Carcinogenicity

Result: Negative

Species: Mouse

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

There have been reports of prolonged jaundice, under or overactive reflexes, movement disorders, and withdrawal effects (runny nose, vomiting, difficulty breathing) in newborns exposed to phenothiazines in utero. Altered behavior and neurological function was seen in offspring of rodents treated with this material during pregnancy. Epidemiological studies have not shown an association between therapeutic use of this material during pregnancy and an increased incidence of birth defects.

Reproductivity

0 - 30 mg/kg/day Reproductivity and development study

Result: Not teratogenic; increased prenatal mortality

Species: Rat

0.6 mg/kg Reproductivity and development study

Result: Embryotoxicity

Species: Rat

10 mg/kg Reproductivity and development study

Result: Fetotoxicity; no increased incidence of birth defects

Species: Rat

16 mg/kg Reproductivity and development study

Result: Maternal toxicity; fetotoxicity

Species: Mouse

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Causes damage to organs (heart).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information Pharmacologically active material. Occupational exposure may cause physiological effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this substance.

Bioaccumulative potential

Octanol/water partition coefficient log Kow

0.08, = log Pow

5.35

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN2811

UN proper shipping name Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s. (Chlorpromazine hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 6.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group III

IATA

UN number UN2811
UN proper shipping name Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s. (Chlorpromazine hydrochloride)
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 6.1
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group III

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

DOT; IATA



General information

It is the shipper's responsibility to determine the correct transport classification at the time of shipment.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Classified hazard categories Combustible dust
 Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation
 Respiratory or skin sensitization
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 05-31-2006

Revision date 03-21-2019

Version # 04

Further information Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

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