

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Cefonicid Sodium</b>		
<b>Other means of identification</b>			
<b>Catalog number</b>	1097750		
<b>Chemical name</b>	5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[[[(hydroxyphenylacetyl)amino]-8-oxo-3-[[[1-(sulfomethyl)-1H-tetrazol-5-yl]thio]methyl]disodium salt, [6R-[6alpha,7beta(R*)]]]		
<b>Recommended use</b>	Specified quality tests and assay use only.		
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.		
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>			
<b>Company name</b>	U. S. Pharmacopeia		
<b>Address</b>	12601 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville MD 20852-1790 US		
<b>Telephone</b>	RS Technical Services	301-816-8129	
<b>Website</b>	www.usp.org		
<b>E-mail</b>	RSTECH@usp.org		
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	CHEMTREC within US & Canada	1-800-424-9300	
	CHEMTREC outside US & Canada	+1 703-527-3887	

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Health hazards</b>	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
<b>OSHA hazard(s)</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Label elements</b>		



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger	
<b>Hazard statement</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
<b>Precautionary statement</b>		
<b>Prevention</b>	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.	
<b>Response</b>	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water/. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor.	
<b>Storage</b>	Not available.	
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	Not classified.	

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Cefonicid Sodium		61270-78-8	100

## 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off with soap and plenty of water. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause allergic respiratory reaction.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Treatment of cephalosporin overdose should be symptomatic and supportive and may include the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Administer activated charcoal as a slurry.</li><li>2. For acute hypersensitivity, administer the usual agents (antihistamines, corticosteroids, or epineprine, or other pressor amines), oxygen, and airway management, including intubation.</li><li>3. For seizures, administer intravenous diazepam or lorazepam. If seizures recur, consider phenobarbital.</li><li>4. For dysrhythmias, treat with standard antiarrhythmic drugs, if necessary.</li><li>5. Monitor fluid and electrolyte status in patients with severe vomiting and/or diarrhea. Monitor renal and hematologic abnormalities.</li><li>6. For coagulopathies, administer vitamin K.</li><li>7. For antibiotic-associated pseudomembranous colitis, moderate to severe cases may require fluid, electrolyte, and protein replacement. Oral doses of metronidazole, bacitracin, cholestyramine, or vancomycin may be used; repeat as necessary. Do NOT use antiperistaltic antidiarrheals for severe watery diarrhea. [Meditext 2006, PDR 2010, and USP DI 2003]</li></ol>
<b>General information</b>	Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> .
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	None known.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Wear suitable protective equipment.
<b>Fire-fighting equipment/instructions</b>	Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

<b>Precautions for safe handling</b>	As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly.
<b>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</b>	Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Exposure limit values

#### Industrial Use

Material	Type	Value
Cefonicid Sodium (CAS 61270-78-8)	TWA	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Appropriate engineering controls

Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials. Local exhaust ventilation such as a laboratory fume hood or other vented enclosure is recommended, particularly for grinding, crushing, weighing, or other dust-generating procedures.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy.

##### Other

For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a cloth lab coat is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.

#### Respiratory protection

Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place (applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).

#### Thermal hazards

Not available.

### General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

White to off-white crystals.

#### Physical state

Solid.

#### Form

Crystals.

### Odor

Not available.

### Odor threshold

Not available.

### pH

3.5 - 6.5 (1 in 20 solution)

### Melting point/freezing point

> 320 °F (> 160 °C) (decomposes)

### Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available.

### Flash point

Not available.

### Evaporation rate

Not available.

### Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

#### Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not available.

#### Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not available.

#### Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

#### Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

### Vapor pressure

Not available.

### Vapor density

Not available.

### Relative density

Not available.

### Solubility in water

Freely soluble.

### Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Chemical family</b>	Cephalosporin.
<b>Molecular formula</b>	C <sub>18</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>6</sub> Na <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> S <sub>3</sub>
<b>Molecular weight</b>	586.53
<b>Solubility (other)</b>	Freely soluble in 0.9% sodium chloride solution, in 5% glucose, and in 5% dextrose solutions; soluble in methyl alcohol; very slightly soluble in ethanol.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	No reactivity hazards known.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Stable at normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	None known.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizers, acids and bases.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Ingestion</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>Skin contact</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics</b>	Cephalosporins: Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Abdominal pain. Loss of appetite. Heartburn. Dizziness. Agitation. Headache. Fatigue. Fever. Chills. Skin rash. Hives. Trouble breathing. Vaginal itching. White patches in mouth. Bleeding.
<b>Delayed and immediate effects of exposure</b>	Cephalosporins: Pseudomembranous colitis. Candidiasis. Superinfections. Allergic reaction.
<b>Cross sensitivity</b>	Individuals sensitive to penicillins, penicillin derivatives, penicillamine, other cephalosporins, or cephamycin may be sensitive to this material also.
<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not classified.

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	There are no data on the ecotoxicity of this product.
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	Not available.
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	Not available.
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	Not available.

### 13. Disposal considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Not available.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	Not available.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

### 14. Transport information

#### DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

#### IATA

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** No information available.

### 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.  
One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - No  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance** No

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** Yes

#### Other federal regulations

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**Food and Drug Administration (FDA)** Not regulated.

**US state regulations** California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 12-13-2010

**Revision date** 01-19-2015

**Version #** 02

**Further information** Not available.

**Disclaimer** USP Reference Standards are sold for chemical test and assay purposes only, and NOT for human consumption. The information contained herein is applicable solely to the chemical substance when used as a USP Reference Standard and does not necessarily relate to any other use of the substance described, (i.e. at different concentrations, in drug dosage forms, or in bulk quantities). USP Reference Standards are intended for use by persons having technical skill and at their own discretion and risk. This information has been developed by USP staff from sources considered reliable but has not been independently verified by the USP. Therefore, the USP Convention cannot guarantee the accuracy of the information in these sources nor should the statements contained herein be considered an official expression. NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE is made with respect to the information contained herein.

**Revision Information** This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.