

1. Identification

Product identifier	Carbenicillin Indanyl Sodium	
Other means of identification		
Catalog number	1093500	
Chemical name	4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 6-[[3-[(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)oxy]-1,3-dioxo-2- phenylpropyl]amino]-3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-, monosodium salt, [2S-(2alpha, 5alpha, 6beta)]-	
Synonym(s)		Carindacillin Sodium
Recommended use	Specified quality tests and assay use only.	
Recommended restrictions	Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information		
Company name	U. S. Pharmacopeia	
Address	12601 Twinbrook Parkway	
	Rockville	
	MD	
	20852-1790	
	US	
Telephone	RS Technical Services	301-816-8129
Website	www.usp.org	
E-mail	RSTECH@usp.org	
Emergency phone number	CHEMTREC within US & Canada	1-800-424-9300
	CHEMTREC outside US & Canada	+1 703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Sensitization, respiratory	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
OSHA hazard(s)	Not classified.	
Label elements		
		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Precautionary statement		
Prevention	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves.	
Response	If inhaled: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	
Storage	Not available.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Not classified.	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Hazardous components	Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
	Carbenicillin Indanyl Sodium	Carindacillin Sodium	26605-69-6	100
4. First-aid measures				
Inhalation		If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.		
Skin contact		Wash off with soap and plenty of water. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.		
Eye contact		Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Ingestion		Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		May cause allergic skin reaction. May cause allergic respiratory reaction.		
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		Treatment of penicillin overdose should be symptomatic and supportive and may include the following: 1. For severe ingestions, perform gastric decontamination. 2. Administer activated charcoal as a slurry. 3. Evaluate for signs and symptoms of hypersensitivity. Manage anaphylaxis with establishment of a patent airway, epinephrine, and diphenhydramine. 4. For seizures, administer intravenous diazepam or lorazepam. If seizures recur, consider phenobarbital. Monitor for hypotension, dysrhythmias, respiratory depression, and need for endotracheal intubation. Evaluate for hypoglycemia, electrolyte disturbances, and hypoxia. 5. Monitor fluid and electrolyte status in patients with severe vomiting and/or diarrhea. Monitor for renal and hematologic abnormalities. 6. For coagulopathies, administer vitamin K. 7. The metabolic by-products of carbenicillin indanyl sodium, indanyl sulfate, glucuronide, and free carbenicillin are dialyzable. 8. Hemodialysis may aid in the removal of penicillins from the blood. [Meditext 2006 and USP DI 2006]		
General information		Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.		
5. Fire-fighting measures				
Suitable extinguishing media		Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO ₂ .		
Unsuitable extinguishing media		None known.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.		
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters		Wear suitable protective equipment.		
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions		Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing.		
Specific methods		Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.		
6. Accidental release measures				
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.		
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.		
7. Handling and storage				
Precautions for safe handling		As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. Use of a designated area is recommended for handling of potent materials.		

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Exposure guidelines	No exposure standards allocated.
Appropriate engineering controls	Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials. Avoid any open handling of this material, particularly for grinding, crushing, weighing, or other dust-generating or aerosol-generating procedures. Use a laboratory fume hood, vented enclosure, glovebox, or other effective containment.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy. To reduce the risk of contamination of skin and surfaces, wear two pairs of gloves. Remove the outer gloves after handling and cleanup of the material, and remove the inner gloves only after removing other personal protective equipment.
Other	For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a disposable lab coat or isolation gown over street clothes is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing and booties may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.
Respiratory protection	Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place (applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).
Thermal hazards	Not available.
General hygiene considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance White to off-white powder.

Physical state Solid.

Form Powder.

Odor Characteristic odor.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point 1661.00 °F (905.00 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility in water Soluble.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) 0.16

Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Chemical family	Aminopenicillanic acid derivative.
Molecular formula	C26H25N2NaO6S
Molecular weight	516.54
Percent volatile	< 1 %
pH in aqueous solution	5 - 8 (10% solution)
Solubility (other)	Soluble in alcohol.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No reactivity hazards known.
Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.
Incompatible materials	Strong alkalis. Strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	NOx, SOx. Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Inhalation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics	Penicillins: Skin rash. Red, scaly skin. Hives. Itching. Wheezing. Difficulty breathing. Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Fever. Swelling of face. Joint pain. Headache. Sore mouth or tongue. White patches in mouth or tongue. Vaginal itching. Vaginal discharge.
Delayed and immediate effects of exposure	Penicillins: Drop in blood pressure. Superinfections. Pseudomembranous colitis.
Cross sensitivity	Individuals sensitive to one penicillin, to cephalosporins, or to cephamycins may be sensitive to this material also.
Medical conditions aggravated by exposure	Penicillins: Bleeding disorders. Gastrointestinal disease. Kidney impairment. Therapeutic use of this material can reduce effectiveness of estrogen-containing contraceptives.
Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Respiratory sensitization	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Data from germ cell mutagenicity tests were not found.
Carcinogenicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. This material is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.
Reproductive toxicity	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	No ecotoxicity data noted for the ingredient(s).
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.

Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.
Local disposal regulations	Not available.
Hazardous waste code	Not available.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

IATA

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	No information available.
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15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.
	One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
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SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

No

Other federal regulations

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No
*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)		

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	10-02-2006
Revision date	04-13-2015
Version #	02
Further information	Not available.
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Revision Information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.