

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| Product identifier | Calcium Sulfate | |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Other means of identification | | |
| Catalog number | 1087406 | |
| Chemical name | Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) | dihydrate |
| Recommended use | Specified quality tests and ass | ay use only. |
| Recommended restrictions | Not for use as a drug. Not for a | administration to humans or animals. |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/ | Distributor information | |
| Company name Address | U. S. Pharmacopeia 12601 Twinbrook Parkway Rockville MD 20852-1790 US | |
| Telephone Website E-mail | RS Technical Services www.usp.org RSTECH@usp.org | 301-816-8129 |
| Emergency phone number | CHEMTREC within US & Canada CHEMTREC outside US & Canada | 1-800-424-9300 +1 703-527-3887 |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification | | |
| Physical hazards | Not classified. | |
| Health hazards | Not classified. | |
| OSHA hazard(s) | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |
| Hazard symbol | No symbol. | |
| Signal word | Not available. | |
| Hazard statement | Not available. | |
| Precautionary statement | | |
| Prevention | Not available. | |
| Response | Not available. | |
| Storage | Not available. | |
| Disposal | Not available. | |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise | Not classified. | |

classified (HNOC)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

| Hazardous components Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|--|---|---------------------|-----|
| Calcium Sulfate | | 10101-41-4 | 100 |
| 4. First-aid measures | | | |
| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms d | levelop or persist. | |
| Skin contact | Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. | | |
| Eye contact | Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. | | |
| Ingestion | Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. | | |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Gastrointestinal disturbances. Hypercalcemia. | | |

| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Treatment of overdose of calcium sulfate should be symptomatic and supportive and may include the following: 1. For ingestion: To delay the hardening of calcium sulfate in the stomach, dilute with copious amounts of water, glycerin, or gelatin solutions. Monitor for gastrointestinal obstruction and injury. 2. For inhalation: Administer oxygen, assist ventilation if needed, and treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and corticosteroids. [Poisindex 2004] For hypercalcemia: 1. Hydrate with intravenous 0.9% sodium chloride injection. 2. Force diuresis with furosemide or ethacrynic acid to rapidly increase calcium excretion. 3. Monitor serum potassium and magnesium; start replacement early, if indicated. 4. Monitor ECG; use beta adrenergic blocking agents to protect the heart against arrhymias. 5. Include hemodialysis, calcitonin, and corticosteroids in treatment, if needed. 6. Monitor serum calcium concentrations frequently to guide therapy adjustments. [USP DI 2004] |
|--|---|
| General information | Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention. |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures | |

| Suitable extinguishing media | Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials. Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. |
|--|--|
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Wear suitable protective equipment. |
| Fire-fighting equipment/instructions | Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. |
| | |

6. Accidental release measures

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|---|---|
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. |

7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. |
|--|---|
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity. |

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Material | Туре | Value | Form |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------|
| Calcium Sulfate (CAS 10101-41-4) | TWA | 10 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |
| Biological limit values | No biological exposure limits noted fo | r the ingredient(s). | |
| Appropriate engineering controls | Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. | | |
| Individual protection measure | es, such as personal protective equipme | ent | |
| Eye/face protection | Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area. | | |

| Skin protection | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Hand protection | Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy. |
| Other | For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a cloth lab coat is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination. |
| Respiratory protection | Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place (applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). |
| Thermal hazards | Not available. |
| General hygiene considerations | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | White to slightly yellow powder. |
|--|--|
| Physical state | Solid. |
| Form | Not available. |
| Odor | Odorless. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| рН | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | 2642 °F (1450 °C) |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | Not available. |
| Flash point | Not available. |
| Evaporation rate | Not available. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not applicable. |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp | losive limits |
| Flammability limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Flammability limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | Not available. |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | Not available. |
| Vapor pressure | Not available. |
| Vapor density | Not available. |
| Relative density | Not available. |
| Solubility in water | Slightly soluble. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Chemical family | Inorganic salt. |
| Density | 2.32 g/cm3 |
| Molecular formula | CaSO4 . 2H2O |
| Molecular weight | 172.17 g/mol |
| Percent volatile | 0 % |
| Solubility (other) | Soluble in dilute hydrochloric acid; practically insoluble in alcohol. |
| Specific gravity | 2.96 |
| 10. Stability and reactivity | |

10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | No reactivity hazards known. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Chemical stability | Stable at normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |

| Conditions to avoid | None known. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Aluminum. Phosphorus. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. SOx, CaOx. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure Ingestion Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Inhalation Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Skin contact Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Eye contact Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Nausea. Vomiting. Constipation. Abdominal pain. Loss of appetite. Dry mouth. Thirst. Increased Symptoms related to the urination. Headache. Drowsiness. Weakness. Behavior, mood, or mental changes. physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics **Delayed and immediate effects** Gastrointestinal obstruction. Hypercalcemia. Kidney stones. Increase in blood pressure. Heart of exposure rate changes. Medical conditions aggravated Kidney impairment. Kidney stones (active or history of). Hypercalcemia. Hypercalciurea. by exposure Sarcoidosis. Dehydration. Electrolyte imbalance. Acute toxicity Product **Species Test Results** Calcium Sulfate (CAS 10101-41-4) Acute Oral LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Serious eye damage/eye Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. irritation Local effects Eye irritancy test, (anhydrous calcium sulfate). Result: No irritation noted. Species: Rabbit Skin irritancy test (OECD 404). Result: No erythema or edema observed. Species: Rabbit Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. **Respiratory sensitization** Skin sensitization Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Sensitization Buehler test for skin sensitization Result: No sensitization noted. Species: Guinea pig Germ cell mutagenicity Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Data from germ cell mutagenicity tests were not found. Mutagenicity Bacterial reverse mutation tests in S. typhimurium and E. coli. Result: Negative. In vivo mouse erythrocyte micronucleus assay. Result: Negative. Carcinogenicity Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. This material is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA. **Reproductive toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductivity 0 - 1000 mg/kg/day Fertility, reproductivity, and development study, administered by gavage. Result: No adverse effects on fertility; no reproductive or development toxicity noted. Species: Rat Specific target organ toxicity -Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. single exposure Specific target organ toxicity -Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

| Product | | Species | Test Results |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--|------------------------------|
| Calcium Sulfate (CAS 10101- | -41-4) | | |
| Acute | | | |
| Crustacea | EC50 | Daphnia magna | > 100 mg/l, 48 hours, Static |
| Aquatic | | | |
| Acute | | | |
| Algae | EC50 | Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum) | > 100 mg/l, 72 hours, Static |
| Fish | LC50 | Medaka, high-eyes (Oryzias latipes) | > 100 mg/l, 96 hours, Static |
| rsistence and degradability | No data is ava | ilable on the degradability of this product. | |
| paccumulative potential | Not available. | | |
| obility in soil | Not available. | | |
| her adverse effects | Not available. | | |
| . Disposal consideration | ns | | |

| Disposal instructions | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. |
|--|--|
| Local disposal regulations | Not available. |
| Hazardous waste code | Not available. |
| Waste from residues / unused products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). |
| Contaminated packaging | Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

| Transport in bulk according to | No information available. |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and | |
| the IBC Code | |

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations CER

CERCLA/SARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

| Hazard categories | Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No | |
|---|--|--|
| SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance | No | |
| SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical | No | |
| Other federal regulations | | |
| Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) | Not regulated. | |
| Food and Drug Administration (FDA) | Total food additive Direct food additive GRAS food additive | |
| US state regulations | California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. | |

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |
| | | |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date Revision date Version # | 05-19-2004 02-09-2015 02 |
|--|---|
| Further information | Not available. |
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