

SAFETY DATA SHEET

301-816-8129

1-800-424-9300

1. Identification

Product identifier Butyl Acetate

Other means of identification

Catalog number 1082606

Chemical name Acetic acid, n-butyl ester

Synonym(s) Butyl ethanoate

Recommended use Specified quality tests and assay use only.

Recommended restrictions Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name U. S. Pharmacopeia
Address 12601 Twinbrook Parkway

Rockville MD 20852-1790

US
Telephone RS Technical Services

Website www.usp.org

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC within US &

Canada

CHEMTREC outside US & +1 703-527-3887

Canada

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 3

RSTECH@usp.org

Health hazards Specific target organ toxicity, single Category 3 narcotic effects

exposure

OSHA hazard(s) Not classified.

Label elements

E-mail



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a

well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting// equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wear

protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.

Storage Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

acute hazard

Supplemental information

Hazard statement Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and

grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Harmful to aquatic life.

Material name: Butyl Acetate USP SDS US

4945 Version #: 02 Revision date: 01-19-2015 Issue date: 10-24-2005

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Ground/bond container and

receiving equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Avoid release to

the environment.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

| Hazardous c | omponents |
|-------------|-----------|
|-------------|-----------|

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---------------|--------------------------|------------|-----|
| Butyl Acetate | Butyl ethanoate | 123-86-4 | 100 |

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Ingestion

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment for overdose should be symptomatic and supportive and may include the following:

- 1. Immediately dilute with 4-8 ounces of water or milk.
- 2. Observe for development of narcosis and respiratory depression.
- 3. Maintain ventilation and oxygenation, and evaluate with frequent arterial blood gas or pulse oximetry monitoring. Early use of PEEP and mechanical ventilation may be needed.
- 4. For cerebral edema: Monitor intracranial pressure, cardiovascular function, renal function, and serum electrolytes. Administer endotrachael intubation and mechanical ventilation; elevate head approximately 30 degrees; administer mannitol, unless contraindicated. Use controlled hyperventilation only if there is evidence of herniation and only as a temporizing measure. [Meditext 2005].

General information

Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Specific methods

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed. No unusual fire or explosion hazards

Wear suitable protective equipment. Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Remove sources of ignition. Absorb spillage with suitable absorbent material. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

Material name: Butyl Acetate USP SDS US

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Material | Туре | Value | |
|---------------------------------|------|-----------|--|
| Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | PEL | 710 mg/m3 | |
| • | | 150 ppm | |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to C | | | |
| Material | Туре | Value | |
| Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) | REL | 710 mg/m3 | |
| , | | 150 ppm | |
| | STEL | 950 mg/m3 | |
| | | 200 ppm | |
| US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Va | lues | | |
| Material | Туре | Value | |
| Butyl Acetate (CAS | STEL | 200 ppm | |

Biological limit values

123-86-4)

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

TWA

Appropriate engineering controls

Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate

150 ppm

materials.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Safety glasses or goggles

Skin protection

Other

Hand protection Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective

against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact.

Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex

gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy.

For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a cloth lab coat is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.

Respiratory protection Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use

NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place

(applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).

Thermal hazards Not available.

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid.

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

Odor mild, fruity odor.

Odor threshold 7 ppm

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point $-106.6 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \, (-77 \,^{\circ}\text{C}) \, / \, -108.4 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \, (-78 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

258.8 °F (126 °C)

Flash point 77.00 °F (25.00 °C) (CC)

Evaporation rate 1 (Butyl acetate=1); 5.8 (carbon tetrachloride=1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower 1.4

(%)

Material name: Butyl Acetate USP SDS US

1.7 % 7.5

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

7.6 %

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 1.53318 kPa at 25 °C

15 mm Hg (at 25 ° C)

Vapor density 4 (air=1)
Relative density Not available.

Solubility in water 10 g/l

Slightly soluble.

1.81 (at 23 ° c)

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

1.78

27.6 kJ/g

Auto-ignition temperature 797 °F (425 °C)
Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Chemical family Ester.

Dynamic viscosity 0.563 mPa.s **Dynamic viscosity** 104 °F (40 °C)

temperature

Heat of combustion (NFPA

30B)

Molecular formula C6H1202
Molecular weight 116.16
Percent volatile 100 %

Solubility (other) Miscible with alcohol, with ether, and with propylene glycol; soluble in acetone and in ethanol.

Specific gravity 0.8826 at 20 °C

VOC (Weight %) 100 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No reactivity hazards known.

Chemical stability Risk of ignition.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames, and sparks.

Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, acids, nitrates, and potassium-tert-butoxide

Hazardous decomposition

Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Inhalation Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Skin contact Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Eye contact Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics

Coughing. Difficulty breathing. Sore throat. Abdominal pain. Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Loss of

appetite. Skin discoloration. Eye damage. Headache. Dizziness. Loss of coordination.

Confusion. Delirium. Weakness. Drowsiness.

Delayed and immediate effects

of exposure

Kidney damage. Liver damage. Coma.

Acute toxicity

Material name: Butyl Acetate USP SDS US

Product Species Test Results

Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Wistar rat 160 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 14000 mg/kg

Serious eye damage/eye

Skin corrosion/irritation

irritation

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Respiratory sensitization Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Skin sensitization Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Carcinogenicity Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Aspiration hazard Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

Product Test Results Species Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Aquatic Crustacea LC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 205 mg/l, 24 hours Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 100 mg/l, 96 hours Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available. Mobility in soil Not available. Other adverse effects Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the

user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria

for hazardous waste.

Local disposal regulations

Not available. Hazardous waste code

Waste from residues / unused

products

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1123 **UN proper shipping name Butyl** acetates

Transport hazard class(es)

3

Subsidiary class(es)

Not available.

Packing group

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IATA

UN number UN1123 **UN** proper shipping name **Butyl** acetates

Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary class(es)

3

Material name: Butyl Acetate USP SDS US

Packaging group

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available.

DOT



IATA



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations CERCLA: Reportable Quantity 5000 lb (2270 kg)

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely

hazardous substance

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Yes

Nο

Other federal regulations

Clean Water Act (CWA)

Section 112(r) (40 CFR

68.130)

Hazardous substance

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

Food and Drug Not regulated.

US state regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|----------------------|--|------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Yes |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | Yes |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | Yes |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| | | |

Material name: Butyl Acetate usp sps us

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Yes

Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 10-24-2005

 Revision date
 01-19-2015

Version # 02

Further information Not available.

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Revision Information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

Material name: Butyl Acetate USP SDS US