# U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. Identification

Product identifier Abacavir Stereoisomers Mixture

Other means of identification

Catalog number 1000496

**Recommended use** Specified quality tests and assay use only.

**Recommended restrictions** Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name U. S. Pharmacopeia
Address 12601 Twinbrook Parkway

Rockville MD 20852-1790

20852-1790 United States

**Telephone** RS Technical Services 301-816-8129

Website www.usp.org
E-mail RSTECH@usp.org

Emergency phone number CHEMTREC within US & 1-800-424-9300

Canada

CHEMTREC outside US & +1 703-527-3887

Canada

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1

Sensitization, skin Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2
Carcinogenicity Category 1
Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic

defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

gioves/protective ciotiling/eye protection/race protection.

**Response** If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a

poison center/doctor. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Hazard(s) not otherwise This product is supplied in a small quantity which does not constitute a combustible dust hazard.

The physical properties of this material indicate that in large quantities accumulated dust may be

hazardous.

Supplemental information None.

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## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixture**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Abacavir Sulfate		188062-50-2	99.8
Related Impurities		No Data	0.2

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Eye contact

Ingestion Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.

Hypersensitivity reactions. Severe eye irritation. Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Treatment of antiviral nucleoside overdose may include the following: Administer activated charcoal as a slurry. For seizures, administer intravenous diazepam or lorazepam. If seizures recur, consider phenobarbital. Monitor for hypotension, dysrhythmias, respiratory depression, and need for endotracheal intubation. Evaluate for hypoglycemia, electrolyte disturbances, and hypoxia. For severe metabolic acidosis, correct with intravenous sodium bicarbonate. Riboflavin (oral or intravenous) and L-carnitine have also been used to treat patients with severe lactic acidosis associated with nucleoside analogs. (Meditext)

Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from **General information** an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace

chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must

receive immediate medical attention.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water. Foam. Dry chemical or CO2. Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding

materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Explosion hazard: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters

Wear suitable protective equipment.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods General fire hazards

Use water spray to cool unopened containers. As with all fires, evacuate personnel to a safe area. Firefighters should use self-contained breathing equipment and protective clothing.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly. Use of a designated area is recommended for handling of potent materials. Avoid significant deposits of material, especially on horizontal surfaces, which may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds and may contribute to secondary explosions. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust).

Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## Occupational exposure limits

**Exposure limit values** 

Industrial Use

Components Type Value

Abacavir Sulfate (CAS 188062-50-2)

TWA 600 micrograms/m3

**Biological limit values** 

Appropriate engineering controls

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials. Local exhaust ventilation such as a laboratory fume hood or other vented enclosure is

recommended, particularly for grinding, crushing, weighing, or other dust-generating procedures.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection**Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing

the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective

against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy. To reduce the risk of contamination of skin and surfaces, wear two pairs of gloves. Remove the outer gloves after handling and cleanup of the material, and remove the inner gloves only after removing other

personal protective equipment.

Other For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a disposable lab coat or isolation gown over street

clothes is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing and booties may

be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.

**Respiratory protection** Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use

NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place

(applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Color

Physical state Solid.
Form Powder.

Odor Not available.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.
Melting point/freezing point Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not available.

White, Off-white,

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

Not available.

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

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Not available. Vapor pressure Not available. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) **Auto-ignition temperature** Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available. Not available. **Viscosity** 

Other information

**Chemical family** Synthetic carbocyclic nucleoside analogue.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity None known.

Material is stable under normal conditions. **Chemical stability** 

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Contact with incompatible materials. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

NOx. SOx. Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

## 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Eye contact

Ingestion This material may cause: Hypersensitivity reactions.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics Fever. Rash. Gastrointestinal disturbances. Fatigue. Headache. Cough. Difficulty breathing. Eye

pain. Red eyes. Lactic acidosis. Liver damage.

## Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Components **Species Test Results** 

Abacavir Sulfate (CAS 188062-50-2)

**Dermal** 

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Oral

Rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Local effects

Abacavir Sulfate Draize test

Result: Negative Species: Rabbit Organ: Skin Eye irritation Result: Positive Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin sensitization

Based on a related material, may cause: Hypersensitivity reactions. Hypersensitivity reactions involving multiple organs and progressive symptoms have been reported in 3 - 5% of the

population receiving therapeutic abacavir.

Abacavir Sulfate Maximization test

Result: Negative Species: Guinea pig

Organ: Skin.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Mutagenicity

Abacavir Sulfate 1000 mg/kg Micronucleus assay, Positive in males.

Result: Positive

Chromosomal aberration, In vitro human lympocytes

Result: Positive

Mutagenicity, Mouse lymphoma cell mutation assay, GLP

assav

Result: Positive

Carcinogenicity

Abacavir Sulfate

May cause cancer.

110 mg/kg/day Carcinogenicity, Long-term dietary study; increased incidence of malignant tumors of the clitoral gland and liver of females and the preputial gland of males were

observed. Species: Mouse

600 mg/kg/day Carcinogenicity, Increased incidence of malignant tumors of the clitoral gland and liver of females, and

the preputial gland of males; increased incidence of nonmalignant thyroid and hepatic tumors in females.

Species: Rat

Carcinogenicity, Bioassay

Result: Positive Species: Mouse Test Duration: 2 years

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Reproductivity

Abacavir Sulfate 160 mg/kg/day Developmental, Embryo-fetal developmental

study (oral) Result: NOAEL Species: Rat

500 mg/kg/day Developmental, Evidence of maternal adverse effects; decreased fetal weight and length, increased incidence of skeletal effects and fetal edema.

Species: Rat

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Knowledge about health hazard is incomplete.

**Aspiration hazard** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Components **Species Test Results** 

Abacavir Sulfate (CAS 188062-50-2)

Aquatic

Acute

EC50 Crustacea Daphnia magna 139 mg/l, 48 hours (static) Fish EC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout > 120 mg/l, 96 hours (static)

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

No data is available on the degradability of this product. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential

Octanol/water partition coefficient log Kow

Abacavir Sulfate 1.08, = Log Kow

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USP SDS US

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the

user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria

for hazardous waste.

**Local disposal regulations**Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to

to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

**General information** It is the shipper's responsibility to determine the correct transport classification at the time of

shipment.

# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

#### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

## **US state regulations**

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Not regulated.

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not listed

#### US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Not regulated.

## US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Not listed.

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Not regulated.

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region

Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Inventory name

Issue date 01-13-2015 02-20-2017 **Revision date** 

Version # 03

United States & Puerto Rico

**Further information** Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

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herein.

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On inventory (yes/no)\*

No

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