

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Creation Date 28-Oct-2009 Revision Date 30-Nov-2024 Revision Number 4

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product Description: Hydrogen chloride, 1M solution in ethyl acetate

Cat No. : H32266
Molecular Formula CI H

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Sector of use SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Product category PC21 - Laboratory chemicals

Process categories PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent

Environmental release category ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)

Uses advised against

No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH

Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany

Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300

Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach

Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11

https://www.fishersci.ch/ch/en/customer-help-

support/forms/email-us.html

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

customers in Switzerland:

Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: 145 (24hr)

Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad)

Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)

Poison Centre - Emergency

information services

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) -

01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week)

Malta: +356 2395 2000 Cyprus: +357 2240 5611

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 (H318)
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure) Category 3 (H336)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Precautionary Statements

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

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Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	EEC No. 205-500-4	96	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) EUH066
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	231-595-7	4	Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) EUH071

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Hvdrochloric acid	-	-	-

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

Section 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. **Eye Contact**

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth Inhalation

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Causes eye burns. . Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. **Notes to Physician**

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

Hydrogen chloride, 1M solution in ethyl acetate

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Class 3

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Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage class - SC 3 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive (EU) 2019/1831 of 24 October 2019 establishing a fifth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Forth edition. Published 2020. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VME: 200 ppm (8	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	STEL / VLA-EC: 400
	TWA: 200 ppm (8h)	min	heures). restrictive limit	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (15 minutos).
	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 734 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 1468
	(15min)	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hr	(8 heures). restrictive	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	STEL: 400 ppm (15min)	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr	limit	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 200
			STEL / VLCT: 400 ppm.	minuten	ppm (8 horas)
			restrictive limit		TWA / VLA-ED: 734
			STEL / VLCT: 1468		mg/m³ (8 horas)
			mg/m ³ . restrictive limit		
Hydrochloric acid	TWA: 5 ppm (8h)	STEL: 5 ppm 15 min	STEL / VLCT: 5 ppm.		STEL / VLA-EC: 10 ppm
	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ (8h)	STEL: 8 mg/m ³ 15 min	restrictive limit	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 uren	(15 minutos).
	STEL: 10 ppm (15min)	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hr	STEL / VLCT: 7.6	STEL: 10 ppm 15	STEL / VLA-EC: 15
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hr	mg/m ³ . restrictive limit	minuten	mg/m³ (15 minutos).
	(15min)			STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15	TWA / VLA-ED: 5 ppm
				minuten	(8 horas)
					TWA / VLA-ED: 7.6
					mg/m³ (8 horas)

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	TWA: 200 ppm (8	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8
	Time Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	minuten	tunteina
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore.	exposure factor 2	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 730 mg/m ³ 8
	Time Weighted Average	TWA: 730 mg/m ³ (8	minutos	minuten	tunteina
	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	Stunden). AGW -	TWA: 200 ppm 8 horas	TWA: 200 ppm 8 uren	STEL: 400 ppm 15
	minuti. Short-term	exposure factor 2	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 uren	minuutteina
	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 200 ppm (8	horas	_	STEL: 1470 mg/m ³ 15
	minuti. Short-term	Stunden). MAK			minuutteina
		TWA: 750 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 400 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 1500 mg/m ³			
Hydrochloric acid	TWA: 5 ppm 8 ore. Time	TWA: 2 ppm (8	STEL: 10 ppm 15	STEL: 10 ppm 15	STEL: 5 ppm 15
	Weighted Average	Stunden). AGW -	minutos	minuten	minuutteina
	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 ore.	exposure factor 2	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 7.6 mg/m ³ 15
	Time Weighted Average	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ (8	minutos	minuten	minuutteina
	STEL: 10 ppm 15	Stunden). AGW -	Ceiling: 2 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm 8 uren	
	minuti. Short-term	exposure factor 2	TWA: 5 ppm 8 horas	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 uren	
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 2 ppm (8	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 horas		
	minuti. Short-term	Stunden). MAK			
		TWA: 3.0 mg/m ³ (8			

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- [Stunden). MAK		
	Höhepunkt: 4 ppm		
	Höhepunkt: 6 mg/m ³		

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl acetate	MAK-KZGW: 400 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8 timer
	15 Minuten	TWA: 540 mg/m ³ 8 timer	Minuten	minutach	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	MAK-KZGW: 1468	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1460 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 400 ppm 15
	mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	minutter. value from the
	MAK-TMW: 200 ppm 8	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 200 ppm 8		regulation
	Stunden	minutter	Stunden		STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15
	MAK-TMW: 734 mg/m ³		TWA: 730 mg/m ³ 8		minutter. value from the
	8 Stunden		Stunden		regulation
Hydrochloric acid	MAK-KZGW: 10 ppm 15	STEL: 5 ppm 15	STEL: 4 ppm 15	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15	Ceiling: 5 ppm
	Minuten	minutter	Minuten	minutach	Ceiling: 7 mg/m ³
	MAK-KZGW: 15 mg/m ³	STEL: 8 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 6 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8	
	15 Minuten	minutter	Minuten	godzinach	
	MAK-TMW: 5 ppm 8		TWA: 2 ppm 8 Stunden		
	Stunden		TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8		
	MAK-TMW: 8 mg/m ³ 8		Stunden		
	Stunden				

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 734 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm STEL : 1468 mg/m³ STEL : 400 ppm	TWA-GVI: 200 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 734 mg/m³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 400 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutama.	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hr. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hr. STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15 min STEL: 400 ppm 15 min	STEL: 1468 mg/m³ STEL: 400 ppm TWA: 734 mg/m³ TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 700 mg/m³ 8 hodinách. Ceiling: 900 mg/m³
Hydrochloric acid	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 8.0 mg/m³ STEL : 10 ppm STEL : 15.0 mg/m³	TWA-GVI: 5 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 8 mg/m³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 10 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutama.	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hr. F TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr. STEL: 10 ppm 15 min STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 min	STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 15 mg/m³ TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 8 mg/m³	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hodinách. Ceiling: 15 mg/m ³

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 150 ppm 8	TWA: 734 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 400 ppm	STEL: 400 ppm 15	TWA: 150 ppm 8
	tundides.	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 1468 ppm 15 min	TWA: 200 ppm	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 540 mg/m ³ 8
	tundides.	STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 734 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	klukkustundum.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15	min		TWA: 200 ppm 8	Ceiling: 300 ppm
	minutites.			órában. AK	Ceiling: 1080 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1100 mg/m ³ 15			TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	
	minutites.			órában. AK	
Hydrochloric acid	TWA: 5 ppm 8 tundides.	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr	STEL: 5 ppm	STEL: 165 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 5 ppm
	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hr	STEL: 7 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	STEL: 8 mg/m ³
	tundides.	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm 15	
	STEL: 10 ppm 15	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 min	TWA: 7 mg/m ³	percekben. CK	
	minutites.			TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8	
	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15			órában. AK	
	minutites.			TWA: 5 ppm 8 órában.	
				AK	

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl acetate	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 300 ppm	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm 8 ore
	STEL: 400 ppm	Ceiling: 1100 mg/m ³	Stunden	TWA: 734 mg/m ³	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 ore
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm IPRD	TWA: 200 ppm 8	STEL: 400 ppm 15	STEL: 400 ppm 15
	TWA: 54 ppm	TWA: 500 mg/m ³ IPRD	Stunden	minuti	minute
		_	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15
			Minuten	minuti	minute
			STEL: 400 ppm 15		
			Minuten		
Hydrochloric acid	STEL: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm IPRD	TWA: 5 ppm 8 Stunden	TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm 8 ore

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STEL: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 8 mg/m³ IPRD	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8	TWA: 8 mg/m ³	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 ore
TWA: 5 ppm	STEL: 10 ppm	Stunden	STEL: 10 ppm 15 minuti	STEL: 10 ppm 15
TWA: 8 mg/m ³	STEL: 15 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm 15	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15	minute
		Minuten	minuti	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15
		STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15		minute
		Minuten		

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl acetate	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 2417	Ceiling: 1100 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 300 ppm	
	MAC: 200 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 urah	15 minuter	
	_	TWA: 734 mg/m ³	STEL: 400 ppm 15	Binding STEL: 1100	
			minutah	mg/m³ 15 minuter	
			STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 150 ppm 8 timmar.	
			minutah	NGV	
				TLV: 550 mg/m ³ 8	
				timmar. NGV	
Hydrochloric acid	MAC: 5 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm 8 urah	Binding STEL: 4 ppm 15	TWA: 5 ppm 8 saat
		TWA: 5 ppm	anhydrous	minuter	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 saat
		TWA: 8.0 mg/m ³	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 urah	Binding STEL: 6 mg/m ³	STEL: 10 ppm 15
			anhydrous	15 minuter	dakika
			STEL: 10 ppm 15	TLV: 2 ppm 8 timmar.	STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15
			minutah anhydrous	NGV	dakika
			STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15	TLV: 3 mg/m ³ 8 timmar.	
			minutah anhydrous	NGV	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Dermal)	Acute effects systemic (Dermal)	Chronic effects local (Dermal)	Chronic effects systemic (Dermal)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (96)				DNEL = 63mg/kg bw/day

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Ethyl acetate	DNEL = 1468 mg/m ³	DNEL = 1468 mg/m ³	DNEL = 734 mg/m ³	$DNEL = 734mg/m^3$
141-78-6 (96)	400 ppm	400 ppm	200 ppm	
Hydrochloric acid 7647-01-0 (4)	DNEL = 15mg/m ³		DNEL = 8mg/m ³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water	Water Intermittent	Microorganisms in	Soil (Agriculture)
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		sediment		sewage treatment	
Ethyl acetate	PNEC = 0.24mg/L	PNEC = 1.15mg/kg	PNEC = 1.65mg/L	PNEC = 650mg/L	PNEC =
141-78-6 (96)		sediment dw			0.148mg/kg soil dw

Component	Marine water	Marine water sediment	Marine water Intermittent	Food chain	Air
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (96)	PNEC = 0.024mg/L	PNEC = 0.115mg/kg		PNEC = 0.2g/kg food	
14175-0(50)		sediment dw		1000	

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
·	recommendations			

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 or Acid gases filter

Type E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear

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No information available **Odor Threshold** No data available Melting Point/Range No data available **Softening Point** No data available **Boiling Point/Range** No information available

Flammability (liquid) Highly flammable On basis of test data

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Flash Point -3 °C / 26.6 °F Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature No data available **Decomposition Temperature** No data available рΗ No information available No data available **Viscosity** Water Solubility Insoluble

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Component log Pow Ethyl acetate 0.73

Vapor Pressure No data available

Density / Specific Gravity 0.900

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid **Vapor Density** No data available (Air = 1.0)

Particle characteristics (liquid) Not applicable

9.2. Other information

CLH Molecular Formula **Molecular Weight** 36.45

Explosive Properties Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur. **Hazardous Polymerization**

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition. Exposure to moist air or water.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrogen chloride gas.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

OralBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metDermalBased on available data, the classification criteria are not metInhalationBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl acetate	10,200 mg/kg (Rat)	> 20 mL/kg (Rabbit) > 18000 mg/kg(Rabbit)	58 mg/l (rat; 8 h)
Hydrochloric acid	900 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5010 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 4701 ppm (rat) 30 min (gas), LC50 = 588 ppm (4h) by extrapolation LC50 = 8.3 mg/L (rat) 30 min (aerosols) (MMAD < 5µm)

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 2

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

RespiratorySkin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 406	guinea pig	- non-sensitising
141-78-6 (96)			

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 471	in vitro	negative
141-78-6 (96)	AMES test	Bacteria	
	OECD Test Guideline 473	in vitro	negative
	Chromosomal aberration assay	Mammalian	
	OECD Test Guideline 476	in vitro	negative
	Gene cell mutation	Mammalian	-
	OECD Test Guideline 474	in vivo	negative
	Mouse micronucleus assay	Mammalian	j

(f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species / Duration	Study result
Ethyl acetate	OECD Test Guideline 416	Oral	NOAEL =
141-78-6 (96)		mouse	26400
		2 Generation	mg/kg bw/day
	OECD Test Guideline 414	Inhalation	NOAEC =
		Rat	73300 mg/m ³

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(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Central nervous system (CNS).

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs None known.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met (j) aspiration hazard;

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

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tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties

Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

. Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Ethyl acetate	Fathead minnow: LC50: 230 mg/l/ 96h	EC50 = 717 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 3300 mg/L/48h
	Gold orfe: LC50: 270 mg/L/48h		

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Ethyl acetate	EC50 = 1180 mg/L 5 min	
	EC50 = 1500 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 5870 mg/L 15 min	
	EC50 = 7400 mg/L 2 h	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Insoluble in water. Persistence is unlikely. **Persistence**

Component	Degradability
Ethyl acetate	79 % (20 d) (OECD 301 D)
141-78-6 (96)	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential May have some potential to bioaccumulate

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	
Ethyl acetate	0.73	30 dimensionless	

Spillage unlikely to penetrate soil The product is insoluble and floats on water . Is not likely 12.4. Mobility in soil

mobile in the environment due its low water solubility.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent

and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Endocrine disrupting

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properties

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

12.7. Other adverse effects **Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential**

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but **European Waste Catalogue (EWC)**

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

was used. Do not flush to sewer. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with

local regulations. Do not empty into drains.

Switzerland - Waste Ordinance Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance,

ADWO) SR 814.600

https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

Section 14: Transport information

IMDG/IMO

UN2924 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. **Technical Shipping Name** Ethyl acetate, Hydrogen chloride

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 8 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2924

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. Ethyl acetate, Hydrogen chloride **Technical Shipping Name**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 8 II 14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2924

14.2. UN proper shipping name Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. **Technical Shipping Name**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 8

Ethyl acetate, Hydrogen chloride

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14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable, packaged goods

Section 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	205-500-4	-	-	Х	X	KE-00047	X	X
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	231-595-7	-	-	Х	X	KE-20189	X	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	X	Х	Х
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	Х	ACTIVE	X	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed **KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	CAS No	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization		REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-
Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	-	Use restricted. See entry 75. (see link for restriction details)	-

REACH links

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC)

	Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
	Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Not applicable	Not applicable
I	Hydrochloric acid	7647-01-0	25 tonne	250 tonne

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

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Contains component(s) that meet a 'definition' of per & poly fluoroalkyl substance (PFAS)?

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

National Regulations

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (AwSV)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethyl acetate	WGK1	
Hydrochloric acid	WGK1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Ethyl acetate	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

	Component	Switzerland - Ordinance on the Reduction of Risk from handling of hazardous substances preparation (SR 814.81)	Switzerland - Ordinance on Incentive Taxes on Volatile Organic Compounds (OVOC)	Switzerland - Ordinance of the Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure
	Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 (96)		Group I	
Ī	Hydrochloric acid 7647-01-0 (4)	Prohibited and Restricted Substances		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

Section 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical **DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

Substances List

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TWA - Time Weighted Average

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - (volatile organic compound)

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data **Health Hazards** Calculation method **Environmental hazards** Calculation method

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Prepared By Health, Safety and Environmental Department

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This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2, Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet