

Revision Date 27-Dec-2020

**Revision Number** 2

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

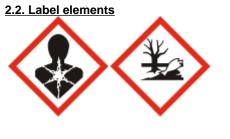
1.1. Product identifier	
Product Description: Cat No. :	<u>Drierite®, indicating</u> 89751
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	0NHJ-M6NS-SX0R-7EEE
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended Use Uses advised against	Laboratory chemicals. No Information available
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet
Company	Thermo Fisher (Kandel) GmbH . Erlenbachweg 2, 76870 Kandel, Germany Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300
	Swiss distributor - Fisher Scientific AG Neuhofstrasse 11, CH 4153 Reinach Tel: +41 (0) 56 618 41 11 e-mail - infoch@thermofisher.com
E-mail address	tech@alfa.com www.alfa.com Product safety Tel + +049 (0) 7275 988687-0
1.4. Emergency telephone number	Carechem 24: <b>+44 (0) 1235 239 670</b> (Multi-language emergency number) Poison Information Center Mainz www.giftinfo.uni-mainz.de Telephone: +49(0)6131/19240
	Exclusively for customers in Austria: Poison Information Center (VIZ) Emergency call 0-24 clock: <b>+43 1 406 43 43</b> Office hours: Monday to Friday, 8am to 4pm, tel: +43 1 406 68 98
	For customers in Switzerland: Tox Info Suisse Emergency Number: <b>145 (24hr)</b> Tox Info Suisse: +41-44 251 51 51 (Emergency number from abroad) Chemtrec (24h) Toll-Free: 0800 564 402 Chemtrec Local: +41-43 508 20 11 (Zurich)
Poison Centre - Emergency information services	Ireland : National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC) - 01 809 2166 (8am-10pm, 7 days a week) Malta : +356 2395 2000 Cyprus : +357 2240 5611

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards	
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met	t
Health hazards	
Respiratory Sensitization	Category 1 (H334)
Skin Sensitization	Category 1 (H317)
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Category 2 (H341)
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B (H350i)
Reproductive Toxicity Environmental hazards	Category 1B (H360F)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 (H411)

#### Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

#### Hazard Statements

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- H360F May damage fertility

H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

#### Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

#### 2.3. Other hazards

In accordance with Annex XIII of the REACH Regulation, inorganic substances do not require assessment

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS No	EC No	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	7778-18-9	EEC No. 231-900-3	98.50	-
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	7646-79-9	EEC No. 231-589-4	1.50	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) Muta. 2 (H341) Carc. 1B (H350i) Repr. 1B (H360F) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)

Component	Specific concentration limits (SCL's)	M-Factor	Component notes
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	Carc. 1B (H350i) :: C>=0.01%	10	-

#### Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air.
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.
4.2. Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed_

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction. Symptoms of allergic reaction may include rash, itching, swelling, trouble breathing, tingling of the hands and feet, dizziness, lightheadedness, chest pain, muscle pain or flushing

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons No information available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### Hazardous Combustion Products

Sulfur oxides, Calcium oxides, Cadmium oxide, Hydrogen chloride.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

#### Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) (Germany)

Switzerland - Storage of hazardous substances

Storage Class/LGK 6.1D

Storage class - SC 6.1 https://www.kvu.ch/de/themen/stoffe-und-produkte https://www.kvu.ch/fr/themes/substances-et-produits https://www.kvu.ch/it/temi/sostanze-e-prodotti

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Work Exposure Limits, Third edition. Published 2018. **IRE -** 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority. **CH** - The Government of Switzerland has set a directive on limit values for working materials (Grenzwerte am arbeitplatz) which is based on the Swiss Federal Regulation "Verordnung über die Verhütung von Unfällen und Berufskrankheiten". This directive is administered, periodically revised and enforced by SUVA (Swiss National Accident Insurance Fund).

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Sulfuric acid, calcium			TWA / VME: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 uren	
salt (1:1)			(8 heures).		mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 horas)
Cobalt chloride		Capable of causing			VLA-ED: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as
(CoCl2)		cancer and/or heritable			Co)
		genetic damage			
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (As			
		Co)			
		STEL: 0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (As			
		Co)			

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)		TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). AGW - TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8 Stunden). MAK	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 horas		
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)		Haut	TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 horas		TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 tunteina

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	MAK-KZGW: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden		TWA: 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 godzinach	
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	Haut		Haut/Peau TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 Stunden		TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timer

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Sulfuric acid, calcium	TWA: 10.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hr.		
salt (1:1)	_		STEL: 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min		
Cobalt chloride		TWA-GVI: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8			
(CoCl2)		satima. Co			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Sulfuric acid, calcium				TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	

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#### Revision Date 27-Dec-2020

salt (1:1)		órában. AK	
		TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	
		órában. ÁK	

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
					-
Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Sulfuric acid calcium		$T \sqrt{\Delta} \cdot 4 m q/m^3$	$TWA \cdot 6 ma/m^3 8 urah$		

Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	TWA: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> inhalable fraction TWA: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 urah respirable fraction		
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)			TLV: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 timmar. Co NGV Hud	

#### **Biological limit values**

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Cobalt chloride			Cobalt: 0.001 mg/L		
(CoCl2)			blood end of shift at end		
			of workweek		
			Cobalt: 0.015 mg/L		
			urine end of shift at end		
			of workweek		

#### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Derived Minimum Effect Level (DMEL)

See table for values

Component	Acute effects local (Inhalation)	Acute effects systemic (Inhalation)	Chronic effects local (Inhalation)	Chronic effects systemic (Inhalation)
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) 7778-18-9 ( 98.50 )		DNEL = 5082mg/m <sup>3</sup>		DNEL = 21.17mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

See values below.

Component	Fresh water	Fresh water sediment	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)			PNEC = 100mg/L	
7778-18-9 ( 98.50 )				

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to

control hazardous materials at source

ional protective equip Eye Protection		fety glasses with side	e shields (or goggles)	(European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protectiv	e gloves		
	Breakthrough time See manufacturers recommendations	Glove thickness	EU standard EN 374	Glove comments (minimum requirement)

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 or Inorganic gases and vapours filter Type B Grey conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Particle filtering: EN149:2001 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** Prevent product from entering drains.

**SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES** 

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Solid; Powder / Granules	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	No information available No data available 1450 °C No data available No data available Not applicable No information available No data available	Solid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wat Component	No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available 2.4 g/l No information available er) log Pow	Method - No information available

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Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)
Vapor Pressure
Density / Specific Gravity
Bulk Density
Vapor Density
Particle characteristics

-0.2 0.85 No data available No data available No data available No data available No data available

(Air = 1.0)

9.2. Other information

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity	None known, based on information available			
10.2. Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.			
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions				
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	No information available. No information available.			
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Excess heat.			
10.5. Incompatible materials	None known.			

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfur oxides. Calcium oxides. Cadmium oxide. Hydrogen chloride.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Product Information** 

(a) acute toxicity;

No data available
No data available
No data available

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	> 3000 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	LC50 > 3.26 mg/L (Rat)4 h
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	LD50 = 80 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; No data available

Component

IARC

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization Respiratory Skin	; No data available No data available
	No information available
(e) germ cell mutagenicity;	No data available
(f) carcinogenicity;	No data available The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

EU

Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	Carc Cat. 1B		Group 2B
(g) reproductive toxicity; (h) STOT-single exposure;	No data available No data available		
(i) STOT-repeated exposure; Target Organs	No data available		
Target Organs	No information a		
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available		
Symptoms / effects,both acute delayed		e rash, itching, swelling, ti ledness, chest pain, mus	

υĸ

Germany

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health. This product does not contain any
	known or suspected endocrine disruptors.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity
<b>Ecotoxicity effects</b>

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	Lepomis macrochirus: LC50: 2.98 mg/L/96H	EC50: 3200 mg/L/120H	
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	Cyprinus carpio: LC50=0.33 mg/L 96h	1.1-1.6 mg/L 48h	

Component	Microtox	M-Factor
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)		10

12.2. Persistence and degradability	No information available
Persistence	Persistence is unlikely.
Degradability	Not relevant for inorganic substances.
Degradation in sewage	Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste

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#### treatment plant

water treatment plants.

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	-0.2	No data available
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	0.85	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil	No information available
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	In accordance with Annex XIII of the REACH Regulation, inorganic substances do not require assessment.
<u>12.6. Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
12.7. Other adverse effects	

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Persistent Organic Pollutant

Ozone Depletion Potential

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not flush to sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not let this chemical enter the environment.
Switzerland - Waste Ordinance	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Ordinance on the Avoidance and the Disposal of Waste (Waste Ordinance, ADWO) SR 814.600 https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2015/891/en

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3077 Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. Cobaltous chloride 9 III
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u>	UN3077

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14.2. UN proper shipping name Technical Shipping Name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 14.4. Packing group	Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. Cobaltous chloride 9 III				
IATA					
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> Technical Shipping Name <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN3077 Environmentally hazardous substances, solid, n.o.s. Cobaltous chloride 9 III				
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified				
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required				
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods				

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), China (IECSC), Taiwan (TCSI), Korea (KECL), Japan (ENCS), Japan (ISHL), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia (AICS), New Zealand (NZIoC), Philippines (PICCS). US EPA (TSCA) - Toxic Substances Control Act, (40 CFR Part 710)

Component	CAS No	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	IECSC	TCSI	KECL	ENCS	ISHL
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	7778-18-9	231-900-3	-	-	Х	Х	KE-04614	Х	Х
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	7646-79-9	231-589-4	-	-	Х	Х	KE-06095	Х	Х

Component	CAS No	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	DSL	NDSL	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	7778-18-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	7646-79-9	Х	ACTIVE	Х	-	Х	Х	Х

Legend: X - Listed '-' - Not Listed KECL - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

#### Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	-	Use restricted. See item 28. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 30. (see link for restriction details) Use restricted. See item 75. (see link for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - 231-589-4 - Carcinogenic, Article 57a;Toxic for reproduction, Article 57c

After the sunset date the use of this substance requires either an authorization or can only be used for exempted uses, e.g. use in scientific research and development which includes routine analytics or use as intermediate.

https://echa.europa.eu/authorisation-list

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

https://echa.europa.eu/candidate-list-table

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Component	CAS No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	7778-18-9	Not applicable	Not applicable
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	7646-79-9	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work .

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

#### **National Regulations**

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### WGK Classification

Water endangering class = 2 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	WGK1	
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	WGK3	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Cobalt chloride (CoCl2)	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 65,RG 70

#### Swiss Regulations

Article 4 para. 4 of the Ordinance on the protection of young people in the workplace (SR 822.115) and Article 1 lit. f of the EAER regulation on hazardous work and young people (SR 822.115.2).

Take note on Article 13 Maternity Ordinance (SR 822.111.52) with regards expectant and nursing mothers.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
- H360F May damage fertility
- H350 May cause cancer

H350i - May cause cancer by inhalation

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

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WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit	TWA - Time Weighted Average		
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer		
DNEL - Derived No Effect Level	Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)		
<b>RPE</b> - Respiratory Protective Equipment	LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%		
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%	EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%		
<b>NOEC</b> - No Observed Effect Concentration	<b>POW</b> - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water		
<b>PBT</b> - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic	vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative		
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air		
Dangerous Goods by Road	Transport Association		
<b>IMO/IMDG</b> - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime	MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from		
Dangerous Goods Code	Ships		
OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate		
BCF - Bioconcentration factor	VOC - (volatile organic compound)		
Key literature references and sources for data			
https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals			
Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, I	RTECS		
ביישטאיט איז			
Classification and procedure used to derive the classification	on for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
Physical hazards On basis of test data	5 5 5 1 1 1		
Health Hazards Calculation method			
Galculation method			

## **Environmental hazards**

Calculation method

#### Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Prepared By	Health, Safety and Environmental Department
Revision Date	27-Dec-2020
Revision Summary	Not applicable.

### This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006. COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

For Switzerland - Compiled in accordance with the technical provisions referred to in Annex 2. Number 3, ChemO (SR 813.11 - Ordinance on Protection against Dangerous Substances and Preparations).

#### Disclaimer

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## **End of Safety Data Sheet**